

User's Guide

iPORT/AFM 2™

ASCII Fast Mode
RS-232 to I²C Host Adapter
with *Circuit Sense*™



www.mcc-us.com

Introduction



The MCC **iPort/AFM 2**[™] RS-232 to I²C Bus host adapter with *Circuit Sense* allows any Windows, Linux, or Mac OS X host computer to become an I²C Master or Slave device, transmitting or receiving I²C messages between the host computer and one or more I²C devices across an I²C Bus.

This user's guide describes the installation and operation of the iPort/AFM 2 host adapter, and the RS-232 and I²C Bus interconnects. Also described are the iPort Utility Pack software for quick I²C Bus communication, MS.Net and LabVIEW libraries for custom software development, and other tools and applications.

A complete set of resources for the iPort/AFM 2 is available at:

www.mcc-us.com/iPortAFM-2

This product conforms to the I²C Bus specifications defined by NXP/Philips Semiconductors.

To find out more about I²C, we suggest you review our white paper "I²C Bus Technical Overview" at:

www.mcc-us.com/I2CBusTechnicalOverview.pdf

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WARNING - Life Support Applications: MCC products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where the malfunction of the product can reasonably be expected to result in a personal injury.

WARNING - Radio Frequency Emissions: This equipment can radiate levels of radio frequency energy that may cause interference to communications equipment. Operation of this equipment may cause interference with radio, television, or other communications equipment. The user is responsible for correcting such interference at the expense of the user.

WARNING - Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Precautions: Any damage caused by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) through inadequate earth grounding is NOT covered under the warranty of this product. See the “Electrostatic (ESD) Precautions” section of this guide for more information.



Electronic Waste Notice - This product must NOT be thrown into general waste, but should be collected separately and properly recycled under local regulations.

Created in the United States of America

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1 Overview

The MCC iPort/AFM 2 (#MIIC-213), RS-232 to I²C Bus Host Adapter with ASCII Fast Mode and *Circuit Sense*, allows any PC, Host Computer, PLC, or Single Board Computer with a legacy or add-on serial port to become an I²C Bus Master or Slave device, transmitting or receiving I²C messages between the Host Computer and one or more I²C devices across an I²C Bus.



Circuit Sense, our I²C Bus voltage sensing technology, allows the iPort/AFM 2 to work with the latest I²C Bus devices at voltages as low as 0.5 volts.



iPort/AFM 2 Product Features

- OS Support: Windows, Linux, Mac OS X, and many more.
- Host Support: Any Computer with a legacy or add-on RS-232 Serial Port.
- High Performance Processor Increases Throughput (2x to 200x).
- External Power Jack or I²C Bus Powered (+5VDC).
- Built-in ESD, Over-voltage, and Reverse-voltage Protection.
- Switch Controlled Properties:
 - I²C Bus Power Source (5v@100ma).
 - I²C Bus Voltage Sense (0.5v to 5v, Enable or Disable).
 - I²C Bus Pull-Ups (1.8K ohm, Enable or Disable).
- Software Controlled Properties:
 - I²C Bus Master Clock Rates: 23KHz, 86KHz, 100KHz Std, 400KHz Fast
 - I²C Bus General Call (Enable or Disable).
 - I²C Bus Time-Out (0-32K milliseconds)
 - I²C Bus Interrupt Signal Control (Assert, Release, Monitor)
 - Host Communication Flow Control (XON/XOFF or RTS/CTS)
 - User Interface Echo/Prompt (Enable or Disable).
 - User Data Format (HEX or ASCII/HEX)
- Supported I²C Bus Activities:
 - Master and Slave Functions
 - Transmit, Receive, and Tx/Rx Data Functions
 - Multi-Master Arbitration Loss Detection
 - Clock-stretch Detection
 - Bus Time-Out Detection
 - Interrupt Signal Generation and Detection
 - 7-bit Slave Address Generation and Detection
 - Up to 32K data bytes in a single message
 - SMBus Packet Error Detection
 - eXtended Commands for 2-Wire, "I²C-Like" Low-level SCL/SDA Signal Control
- Software Support:
 - Free Application Software (Master, Slave, and EEPROM Programmer).
 - Software Development Tools (MS.NET, LabVIEW, and ASCII Commands).
- Compatible with existing iPort/AI, iPort/AFM, iPort/USB, i2cStick, and iPort/LAN applications.
- US-FCC and EUR-CE EMC Compliant.
- RoHS/Lead-Free Compliant.

iPort/AFM 2 Package Contents

The iPort/AFM 2 package includes the following items:

- iPort/AFM 2, RS-232 to I²C Bus Host Adapter.
- I²C Bus Mini Clip-lead Cable (5-wire, 1 ft.).
- DB-9F to DB-25M Serial Port Adapter Cable (1 ft.).
- Global 5VDC Power Supply.
- iPort/AFM 2 Quick Start Guide.
- iPort/AFM 2 Travel Case.
- Online Items*
 - iPort/AFM 2 Datasheet
 - iPort/AFM 2 User's Guide (this document)
 - iPort Utility Pack Software
 - Application Software.
 - Software Development Tools

(* www.mcc-us.com/iPortAFM-2)

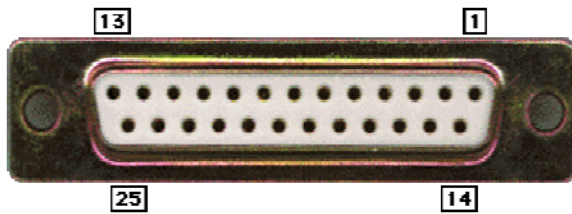


System Requirements

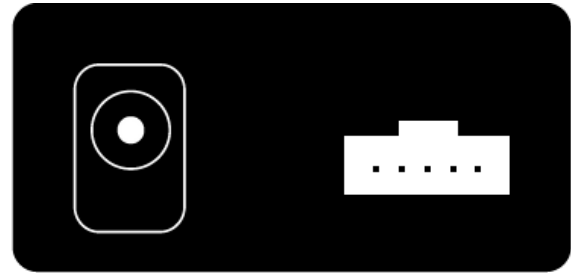
- a. A host computer with one free legacy or add-on RS-232 port.
- b. Windows XP OS or higher to run iPort Utility Pack applications.

2 Interconnects

The iPort/AFM 2 includes three (3) interconnections:



RS-232 Serial Port Connector



+5VDC Power Jack

INT / SCL / GND / +V / SDA

RS-232 Serial Port Connector

The RS-232 connector provides connection from the I²C adapter to the serial port on the host computer. For computers with DB-9 connectors, use the DB-9 to DB-25 (#C9F25M1) cable provided with the adapter, or equivalent.

The I²C adapter implements the RS-232 interface using the following pins:

DB-25 Serial Port Pinout

- DB-25 Pin 2, Transmit Data from the Host Computer to the iPort
- DB-25 Pin 3, Receive Data from the iPort to the Host Computer.
- DB-25 Pin 4, Request to Send from the Host Computer to iPort.
- DB-25 Pin 5, Clear to Send from the iPort to the Host Computer.
- DB-25 Pin 7, Ground between Host Computer and iPort

DB-9 Serial Port Pinout

- DB-9 Pin 3, Transmit Data from the Host Computer to the iPort
- DB-9 Pin 2, Receive Data from the iPort to the Host Computer.
- DB-9 Pin 7, Request to Send from the Host Computer to iPort.
- DB-9 Pin 8, Clear to Send from the iPort to the Host Computer.

DB-9 Pin 5, Ground between Host Computer and iPort

iPort Power

The I²C adapter requires 50ma of REGULATED +5 volt power. This power can be supplied in one of two ways:

- Via the power jack.
If the I²C adapter is powered via its +5VDC power jack, and the adapter is operating in power SOURCE mode, excess power is available via the +V wire in the I²C connector to power external devices.
- Via the I²C interface connector.
If 50ma of regulated +5V power is available in the target system, and the adapter is operating in power SOURCE mode, the I²C adapter can be powered via the +V wire in I²C interface connector.

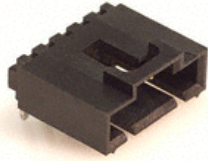
I²C Mini Interface Connector

The iPort/AFM 2 I²C Bus host adapter includes a five wire (1x5) 2.54 mm (.100"), positive locking, shrouded header receptacle connector (see Appendix A) for interfacing to an external I²C Bus. Interface lines provided include:

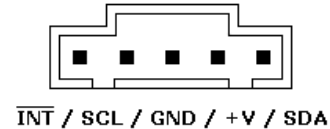
- I²C Clock (SCL)
- I²C Data (SDA)
- I²C /INTerrupt (optional)
- Ground
- +V (optional)

Minimum wiring for I²C Bus communications include I²C Bus Clock, Data, and Ground. Use of the /INTerrupt and +V wires in the I²C Interface connector are user optional.

NOTE: See the Hardware Configuration section below for additional information on configuring the I²C Bus interface.



I²C Bus Mini Interface Receptacle



Mini Interface Receptacle Pinout

I²C Bus Mini-Clip-Lead cables are available to connect the iPort/AFM 2 adapter to a target system. Each clip-lead is identified (White=C=SCL, Red=V=+V, Green=D=SDA, Black=G=Ground, Gray=(no mark)=/INTerrupt).

I²C Bus Mini-Interface cables with two Mini Interface plugs are also available to connect the I²C adapter to an external I²C Bus.

Interrupt (/INT) Signal Connector

The Interrupt (/INT) signal is an extra pin found on some I²C devices. The /INT signal allows a slave-only device to attract the attention of a bus master device by lowering the /INT signal voltage level.

The iPort/AFM 2 provides an open-drain /INT signal which can be connected to a corresponding pin on a master or slave device. The /INT signal allows the iPort/AFM 2 to participate in interrupt signaling between master or slave devices.

The iPort/AFM 2 generates an I²C Bus interrupt assert (/INT=low) upon receiving an iNterrupt Assert command from the host computer. The interrupt signal is released (/INT = high) when the iPort/AFM 2 is addressed as an I²C Bus slave device, or an iNterrupt Release command is received from the host computer.

Interrupt monitoring is enabled upon receiving an Enable /INT Monitor command from the host computer. Interrupt monitoring causes the iPort/AFM 2 to monitor the /INT signal level, and send a notification to the host computer when the /INT signal changes state.

3 Hardware Configuration

Circuit Sense™

The iPort/AFM 2 includes MCC's *Circuit Sense* technology. Circuit Sense allows the I²C interface +V wire can operate in two modes, Power Source Mode and Voltage Sense Mode. Mode selection is controlled by the MODE slide switch on the side of the unit enclosure.

Power Source Mode - The +V wire can supply power (5v @ 100 mA) V_{cc} to an external I²C Bus system. In Power Source Mode, the voltage of the iPort/AFM 2 SCL, SDA, and /INT internal pull-ups, if enabled, and Voltage Sense circuit (0.3V_{cc} Low_{MAX}, 0.7V_{cc} High_{MIN}) is connected to the adapter's +5v power supply. (Use of the +V wire in Power Source Mode is user optional).

Power Source Mode is similar to the standard mode of operation on earlier versions of MCC I²C Bus host adapters.

Voltage Sense Mode - The +V wire is connected to the external I²C Bus system pull-up supply voltage (0.5v to 5v) V_{cc}, and automatically adjusts iPort/AFM 2 SCL, SDA, and /INT Voltage Sense circuit levels to match (0.3V_{cc} Low_{MAX}, 0.7V_{cc} High_{MIN}). In Voltage Sense Mode, the voltage of the iPort/AFM 2 SCL, SDA, and /INT internal pull-ups, if enabled, is equal to the external voltage (V_{cc}) applied to the +V wire. (Use of the +V wire in Voltage Sense Mode is required).

I²C Bus Pull-up Resistors

I²C Bus systems are based on open-collector technology requiring pull-up devices on each signal wire (SCL, SDA, /INT). These pull-up devices usually take the form of pull-up resistors connected to bus power.

The I²C adapter includes a PULL-UPS slide switch used to enable or disable internal 1.8K ohm pull-up resistors attached to the SCL, SDA, and /INT lines. Every I²C Bus system must have at least one pull-up on the signal lines. In some cases, the pull-ups may be present in the external I²C Bus circuit. Use this switch to configure the pull-up resistors for your system.

Connecting to a Low-Voltage Target System

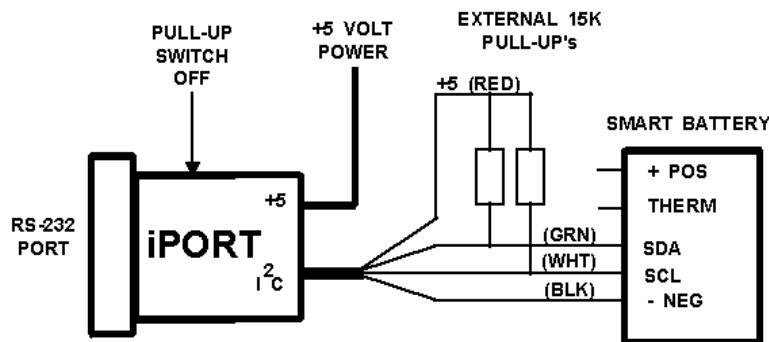
If you are connecting the I²C adapter to a low-voltage (<5v) target system, you should follow these steps BEFORE applying power:

- Using the adapter MODE slide switch, put the adapter in Sense Mode.
- If your target system does NOT supply I²C Bus pull-ups, use the adapter PULL-UPS slide switch to enable the adapter's internal 1.8K ohm pull-ups.
- Connect the I²C connector +V wire to the target system I²C Bus power. The I²C adapter will be powered from its own +5V power supply, and adapters pull-ups, if enabled, and Voltage Sense circuit will be powered by the target system's low-voltage power supply.

Connecting to an SMBus Target System

If you are connecting the I²C adapter to a SMBus target system, you should follow these steps BEFORE applying power:

- Shut off the I²C adapter's internal pull-ups (See Pull-up Resistor section).
- Use external SMBus rated (approx. 15k ohm) pull-up resistors. These pull-ups may already be present in the target system.



- Visit the I²C .vs. SMBus FAQ page (www.mcc-us.com/I2CSMBusFAQ.htm).
- See the SMBus Specification for additional details.

Special Note for SMBus Users: MCC's I²C adapters are designed to be I²C Bus compatible, not SMBus compatible. Some features of the SMBus protocol not supported include time-outs, device reset, and Packet Error Check byte processing. The non-supported SMBus features may, or may not, permit the use of the I²C adapter in your SMBus application. Consult the MCC FAQ web page and SMBus Specification for details.

4 ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) Precautions

Electrostatic discharge is defined as the transfer of charge between bodies at different electrical potentials. Electrostatic discharge can change the electrical characteristics of a semiconductor device, degrading or destroying it. Electrostatic discharge also may upset the normal operation of an electronic system, causing equipment malfunction or failure.

When connecting the I²C adapter to a host computer and a target system, extreme care must be taken to avoid electrostatic discharge. Failure to follow ESD protection procedures when using the I²C adapter could damage the host computer, I²C adapter, or the target system, and void product warranty coverage.

Host Computer Grounding

Case 1 - Desktop and Single-board Computers. The chassis on a desktop or single-board host computer must be connected to earth ground to comply with safety regulations. If the computer chassis is NOT connected to earth ground for some reason (i.e., use of a two-prong power mains plug), the host computer power supply ground will float to some unknown voltage potential.

Case 2 - Laptop Computers. Laptop computers present special ESD problems. Most laptop computers use an external double-insulated mains power supply which is NOT connected to the mains earth ground. This means that the laptop chassis is floating at some unknown voltage potential.

In either case, upon connection to the I²C adapter and the target system, the host computer will discharge energy through its RS-232 port to the I²C adapter, and on to the target system. This discharge could damage the host computer, I²C adapter, and the target system.

Grounding Solutions

To avoid damage to the host computer, I²C adapter, or target system, follow these instructions:

- Wear an earth grounded wrist strap, or discharge any static charge build-up, when handling the I²C adapter or any target system devices.
- Ensure that both the host computer and target system are connected to a common

earth ground point.

- Make sure that all interconnections are made BEFORE applying power to the host computer, I²C adapter, and target system.
- If you are using a laptop computer or host computer that is NOT connected to mains earth ground, make a hard-wired connection from the host computer (i.e., RS-232 port D-connector shell) and the target system ground connector to a common earth ground point.
- Avoid plugging and unplugging system components while the host computer or target system is powered.
- Ensure that any devices connected to the target system are properly grounded to the common earth ground point.
- If unsure how to properly ground system components, seek electrical expert help.

WARNING: Any damage caused by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) through inadequate earth grounding is NOT covered under the warranty of this product.

5 Hardware Set-Up

This section provides information on connecting the I²C adapter to your host computer and I²C Bus target system.

Serial Port Connection

Attach the I²C adapter to a free legacy or add-on RS-232 port on your host computer. If your RS-232 port has a DB9 connector, use DB-9F to DB-25M serial port cable included with the I²C adapter.

I²C Bus Connection

Connect the I²C Bus mini clip-lead cable to the I²C adapter and your I²C device. MCC also offers an I²C mini interface cables that are compatible with our adapters. You may not need to, or want to, connect the +V wire to your target system. Refer to the “+5VDC Power Jack” and “Hardware Configuration” sections for details on pull-up resistors and connecting the optional +V wire.

Power Connection

Connect I²C adapter power via the power jack or I²C Bus connector. See “+5VDC Power Jack” section for details.

If you have any questions on I²C adapter setup and configuration, please visit our FAQ Page (<http://www.mcc-us.com/faq.htm>) or contact our technical support team (support@mcc-us.com).

6. Software Support

MCC offers the following categories of I²C Bus software support:

I²C Bus Communication Utilities

iPort Utility Pack for Windows

The iPort Utility Pack for Windows provides a quick-start to I²C Bus communications. The Utility Pack includes two Windows-based applications that will help you get started sending and receiving I²C Bus messages quickly and easily.

iPort Message Center

iPort Message Center is a bus master application with a spreadsheet-like user interface. Each row in the spreadsheet represents a single I²C Bus message. A message can transmit data to a specified slave device, or read data from a specified slave device. Received data is automatically displayed in the spreadsheet.

Message options include repeated-start, and a time delay after each message. One or more messages in the spreadsheet are transmitted in sequence, and can auto-repeat at the completion of the last message.

iPort Message Manager

iPort Message Manager is a bus master/slave application that can master transmit, master receive, slave transmit, and slave receive I²C Bus messages. Message options include master transmit and transmit/receive, and auto-repeat

iBurner I²C Bus EEPROM Programmer

iBurner is our I²C Bus EEPROM Programmer software package for Windows. With iBurner, you can quickly and easily blank-check, program, read, and verify a wide variety of I²C Bus EEPROMs. iBurner also supports scripting, allowing

EEPROM programing serialization and automation.

I²C Bus Software Development Tools

MCC provides three methods for creating custom application software for ASCII Interface I²C Bus Adapters:

MS.NET Class Library

The MS.NET Class Library provides a comprehensive set of tools for the creation of robust I²C Bus applications. Included are Constructors, Methods, Properties, Events, Enumerations, and SampleCode for Visual Basic.NET, Visual C#, Visual C++, Visual J#, and LabVIEW.

LabVIEW VI Library

The LabVIEW VI Library provides a complete set of low-level, mid-level, and high-level Virtual Instruments (Vis) for the LabVIEW developer. Included are VIs for establishing a connection to the Adapter, performing I²C Bus Master and Slave operations, and Sample LabVIEW applications.

ASCII Command Interface

The ASCII Command Interface provides a direct low-level ASCII command application program interface to the I²C Bus Adapter. ASCII commands can be accessed from a terminal emulation program running on the host computer, or from an application program using host computer operating system serial port functions.

iPort/AFM 2 software support and more is available at:

www.mcc-us.com/iPortAFM-2

iPort/AFM 2 Revision Report

This section defines revisions and changes made to the iPort/AFM 2 interface:

Revision: 1.00

7. Initial Release

Additional Information

For additional information on the I²C Bus, please refer to the following:

“What is I²C?”

www.mcc-us.com/I2CBusTechnicalOverview.pdf

“Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)”

www.mcc-us.com/faq.htm

"The I²C and How to Use It"

www.mcc-us.com/i2chowto.htm

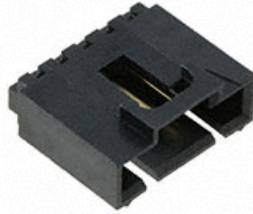
Appendix A - I²C Connector Information

I²C Bus Interface Connector and Plug Information

The iPort/AFM 2 uses the following 1x5 2.54 mm (.100") pitch, 0.64 mm (.025") square pin, header and plug assemblies for the I²C Bus interface.

I²C Header Receptacle

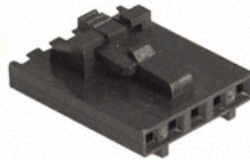
Molex C-Grid® SL™ 70553 Header



Molex Part # 70553-0004

I²C Plug Housing

Molex C-Grid® SL™ 70066 Crimp Housing



Molex Part # 50-57-9405

Molex C-Grid® SL™ 70058 Crimp Terminal



Molex Part # 16-02-0102

iPort/AFM 2 I²C cables and other accessories are available online at:

www.shop-mcc-us.com

Declaration of Conformity

FCC Statement

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY WITH FCC RULES FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

We, Micro Computer Control Corporation, of 83 Princeton Avenue #1D / PO Box 275, Hopewell, New Jersey 08525 USA, declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

iPort/AI 2 (#MIIC-212) and iPort/AFM 2 (#MIIC-213)

to which this declaration relates:

Complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions; (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Test Laboratory Information:

MET Laboratories, Inc.

Test Report Number: EMC88332-FCC

Test Report Date: January 27, 2016

Technical file held by: Micro Computer Control Corporation, 83 Princeton Avenue #1D / PO Box 275, Hopewell, New Jersey 08525 USA, or its applicable authorized distributor or representative.

CE Declaration of Conformity

We, Micro Computer Control Corporation, of 83 Princeton Avenue #1D / PO Box 275, Hopewell, New Jersey 08525 USA, declare under our sole responsibility that the **iPort/AI 2 (#MIIC-212)** and **iPort/AFM 2 (#MIIC-213)**, to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with EMC Emissions Standard for Information Technology Equipment EN55022:2010, and EMC Immunity Standard for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use EN 61326-1: 2013.

Test Laboratory Information:

CLASS Industries, Ltd.

Test Report Number: CI06074

Test Report Date: November 3, 2015

Technical file held by: Micro Computer Control Corporation, 83 Princeton Avenue #1D / PO Box 275, Hopewell, New Jersey 08525 USA, or its applicable authorized distributor or representative

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